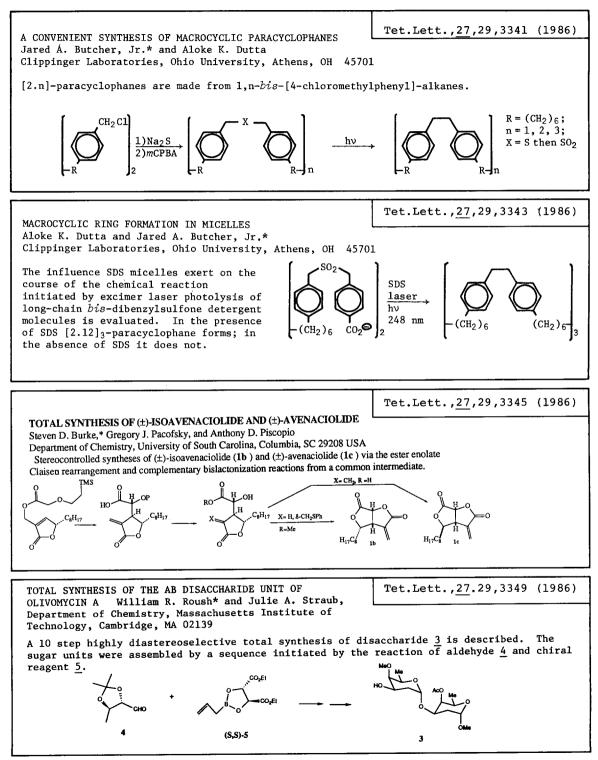
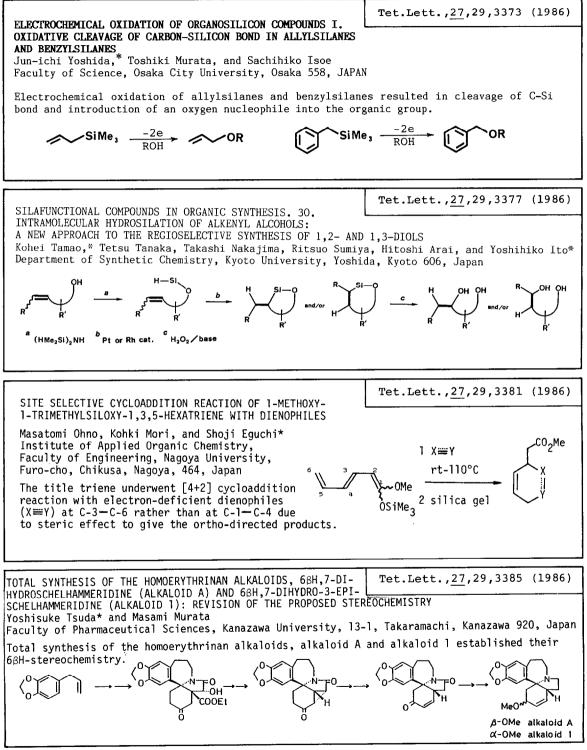
## **GRAPHICAL ABSTRACTS**

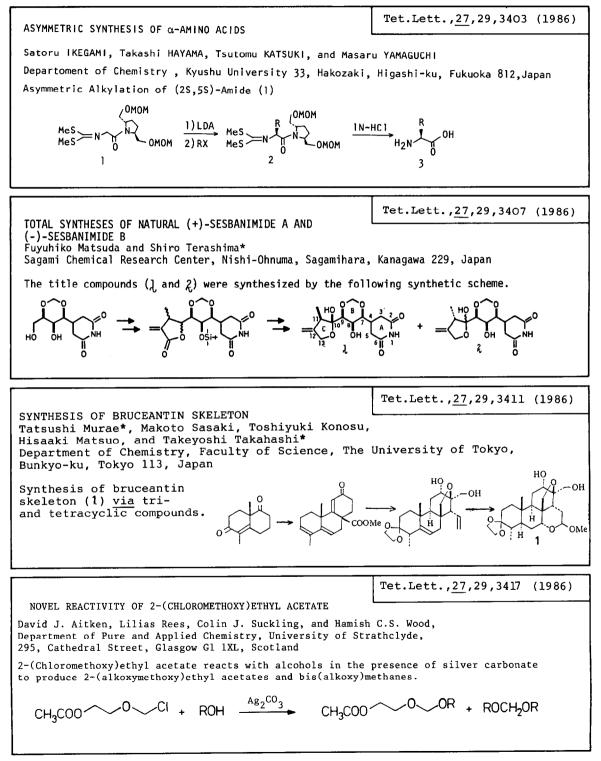
Tet.Lett.,27,29,3325 (1986) PHOTOLYSIS OF 3-NITROPHENYL AZIDE: TRAPPING THE REACTIVE INTERMEDIATES Tsuei-Yun Liang and Gary B. Schuster\* Department of Chemistry. University of Illinois: Urbana, IL 61801-3731 Irradiation of 3-nitrophenyl azide gives four trappable intermediates; the singlet nitrene, two isomeric dehydroazepiness, and the triplet nitrene. HN-NEt, NEto EtoN +  $Et_2NH \frac{h\nu}{-N_2}$ Tet.Lett.,27,29,3329 (1986) INTRAMOLECULAR LEWIS ACID CATALYZED HETEROCYCLOADDITION REACTIONS. CYCLIZATION OF KETONE HETERODIENOPHILES IN THE DIHYDROTROPONE SERIES. James H. Rigby\*, JoAnn Zbur Wilson and Chrisantha Senanayake, Department of Chemistry, Wayne State University, Detroit, MI 48202 USA Substituted Hydroazulenes are prepared by cycloaddition of ketone heterodienophiles. н R=Me:i-Pi Tet.Lett., 27, 29, 3333 (1986) A NOVEL APPROACH TO DEACYLATION OF CEPHT3-EM ESTERS Shahriar Mobashery and Michael Johnston Departments of Chemistry and of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology The University of Chicago, Chicago, Illinois 60637, USA. A cephalosporin deacylation via a cephem C-10 iodide is described. Tet.Lett., 27, 29, 3337 (1986) THE PREPARATION OF VICINAL DIFLUOROOLEFINIC CARBONYL COMPOUNDS AND THEIR APPLICATION TO THE SYNTHESIS OF DIFLUORORETINAL ANALOGS A. E. Asato and R. S. H. Liu, Department of Chemistry, 2545 The Mall University of Hawaii, Honolulu, Hawaii 96822 The synthesis of (13Z)-13,14-difluoro-20-retinal, 1 from key intermediate 3. DEt + Et.NSF. СНО ĆO,Et ĊO,Et 3 3317



Tet.Lett.,27,29,3353 (1986) STUDIES ON THE TOTAL SYNTHESIS OF SESBANIMIDE: A HIGHLY DIASTEREOSELECTIVE SYNTHESIS OF THE AB RING SYSTEM William R. Roush<sup>1\*</sup> and Michael R. Michaelides Department of Chemistry, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, MA 02139 A highly diastereoselective total synthesis of 3, corresponding to the AB ring system of sesbanimide A (1) and B (2), is described. 1,  $\mathbf{R}_1 = \mathbf{CH}_3$ ,  $\mathbf{R}_2 = \mathbf{H}_3$ 2,  $R_1 = H$ ,  $R_2 = CH_3$ Tet.Lett., 27, 29, 3361 (1986) TRANSANNULAR RING EXPANSION OF THE SPIROCYCLO-PROPANE MOIETY IN THE ACID CATALYZED REARRANGE-MENT OF OXIRANES DERIVED FROM NORBORNENE AND BICYCLOE2.2.2JOCTENE. Waldemar Adam\* and Elisabeth Crämer Institut für Organische Chemie der Universität, D-8700 Würzburg, West Germany Acid-catalyzed rearrangement of epoxy norbornane 🧕 and epoxy biclyclo[2.2.2]octane  $\underline{6}$  to brendanes  $\underline{7}, \underline{9}$ and homobrendanes 8,10. 2 (n=1) 10 (n=2) 2 (Nu= OCOCF3) 10 (n=2) 2 (Nu= OH) 2 (Nu=OCO 8 (n=2) b (Nu=OH) 6 (0-2) Tet.Lett.,27,29,3365 (1986) Acylphosphonates. 6. Reaction Mechanism of Zn/Me\_SiCl Mediated Conversion of 2,2,2-Trichloroethoxycarbonylphosphonates to Silyl Phosphites Mitsuo Fujii, Kouji Ozaki, Akiko Kume, Mitsuo Sekine, and Tsujiaki Hata\* Department of Life Chemistry, Tokyo Institute of Technology, Nagatsuta, Midoriku, Yokohama 227, Japan DMTrOLO (1.2) Tet.Lett.,27,,29,3369 (1986) STRUCTURES OF THORNASTEROL A AND B Masanori Honda and Tetsuya Komori\* Faculty of pharmaceutical Sciences, Kyushu University, Fukuoka 812, Japan The structure determination of thornasterols by their syntheses from (+)-asterone (11) OTMS (20\$)-(205.24R)thornasterol A thornasterol B OWNE aldol reaction (205,245)-(20S) - 24 thornasterol B thornasterol A



Tet.Lett., 27, 29, 3387 (1986) SELECTIVE EPOXIDATION OF ALLYLIC ALCOHOLS WITH DIBUTYLTIN OXYPEROXIDE Shigekazu Kanemoto, Tsuyoshi Nonaka, Koichiro Oshima<sup>\*</sup>, Kiitiro Utimoto, and Hitosi Nozaki Department of Industrial Chemistry, Kyoto University, Kyoto 606 JAPAN ~он → ⋌ Bu<sub>2</sub>SnO-<sup>t</sup>BuOOH Tet.Lett., 27, 29, 3391 (1986) ASYMMETRIC INDUCTION TO SULFUR ATOM: STEREOCONTROLLED S-OXIDATION OF THIAZOLIDINES Wataru Ando\*, and Liren Huang Department of Chemistry, The University of Tsukuba, Sakura, Ibaraki 305, Japan  $R^1 = n - pr; R^2 = -H:$ Ti(O<sup>1</sup>Pr) cis-2:trans-2=75:25.  $R^{1}=R^{2}=-CH_{3}$ : cis-2:trans-2=100:0 cis-2 R2 R1 m-CPBA trans-2 only Rl=n-pr:R2=H 1 Tet.Lett.,27,29,3395 (1986) Oxidative Cleavage of Benzyl Ethers by Use of Oxoaminium Salt Takeo Miyazawa and Takeshi Endo Research Laboratory of Resources Utilization, Tokyo Institute of Technology, Nagatsuta, Midori-ku, Yokohama 227, Japan Oxidative cleavage of benzyl ethers with oxoaminium salt Сн 30-√  $\bigcirc$  -CHO + RCH<sub>2</sub>X + CH<sub>3</sub>O-CH,OCH,R Tet.Lett., 27, 29, 3399 (1986) STRUCTURES OF FLAZIN AND YS, HIGHLY FLUORESCENT COMPOUNDS ISOLATED FROM JAPANESE SOY SAUCE. Shin-ichi Nakatsuka,\* Bai-nian Feng, Toshio Goto and Kiyoshi Kihara<sup>†</sup> Faculty of Agriculture and <sup>†</sup>Engineering, Nagoya University, Chikusa, Nagoya 464, Japan The structures of flazin and YS were determined to be  $\beta$ -carboline derivatives, 1 and 2. CO2H Flazin (1) YS (2) CH2OH ĊH<sub>2</sub>OH



Tet.Lett., 27, 29, 3421 (1986) SPIN TRAPPING REACTIONS WITH NITRIC OXIDES III. ALKOXYALKYL NITROXIDES AND NEW NITROGEN CEN-TERED RADICALS Antal Rockenbauer\*, Miklós Győr and Ferenc Tüdős<sup>†</sup> Central Research Institute for Chemistry, H-1525 Budapest, P.O.Box 17, Hungary <sup>†</sup>also: Eötvös Loránd University, Department of Chemical Technology, H-1088 Budapest, Múzeum krt.6-8, Hungary Nitroxides and aminyl radicals formed by reactions of NO,  $N_2O$ ,  $N_2O_3$ ,  $N_2O_4$  and photochemically generated alkyl and alkoxy radicals 0.  $Me_3COOCMe_3 \xrightarrow{hv} Me_3CO$ .  $\xrightarrow{RH} R \cdot \frac{NO}{2} RNO \xrightarrow{k} RNOCMe_3$ Tet.Lett., 27, 29, 3425 (1986) . PIN TRAPPING REACTIONS WITH NITRIC OXIDES IV. REACTIONS WITH OLEFINS Antal Rockenbauer<sup>\*</sup>, Miklős Győr and Ferenc Tüdős<sup>†</sup> Central Research Institute for Chemistry, H-1525 Budapest, P.O.Box 17, Hungary <sup>+</sup>also: Eötvös Loránd University, Department of Chemical Technology, H-1088 Budapest, Consecutive reactions of NO, and NO with olefins yield nitroxide diastereomers wit NO H R'\_ | | R''\_C\_\_\_\_. R'' H R'O I I I 02<sup>NC-C-N</sup>  $\frac{\mathbf{R}'}{\mathbf{R}''} = \mathbf{C} = \mathbf{C}_{\mathbf{H}}^{\mathbf{H}} + \mathbf{NO}_{2} \rightarrow \frac{\mathbf{R}'}{\mathbf{R}''} = \mathbf{C} - \mathbf{C} \mathbf{NO}_{2}$ or 0<sub>2</sub>N